

Dentistry (English)			
Bachelor	TR-NQF-HE: Level 6	QF-EHEA: First Cycle	EQF-LLL: Level 6

## Course Introduction and Application Information

Course Code:	UNI248		
Course Name:	Paradox		
Semester:	Fall		
Course Credits:	<div>ECTS</div> <div>5</div>		
Language of instruction:	English		
Course Condition:			
Does the Course Require Work Experience?:	No		
Type of course:	University Elective		
Course Level:	<div> <div>Bachelor</div> <div>TR-NQF-HE:6. Master`s Degree</div> <div>QF-EHEA:First Cycle</div> <div>EQF-LLL:6. Master`s Degree</div> </div>		
Mode of Delivery:	E-Learning		
Course Coordinator:	Dr. Öğr. Üy. İBRAHİM EYLEM DOĞAN		
Course Lecturer(s):	Dr. Öğr. Üy. Hanife Bilgili		
Course Assistants:			

## Course Objective and Content

Course Objectives:	This course aims at expanding students' capacity to think rigorously about paradoxes and introducing students to a number of core topics in metaphysics, philosophy of logic, probability, and philosophy of language.
Course Content:	A selective course which introduces students from all departments to the world of paradoxes, the way they work, the ways to refute them, and reveals the theoretical illusion that grants them their

strength.

It is a weekly 3-hour course.

## Learning Outcomes

The students who have succeeded in this course;

- 1) Analyze paradoxes and draw their structure.
- 2) Categorize paradoxes according to the philosophical foundation behind them
- 3) Discuss the philosophical implications of paradoxes.

## Course Flow Plan

Week	Subject	Related Preparation
1)	Introduction	
2)	What is a paradox?	
3)	How do paradoxes work?	
4)	Metaphysical Paradoxes: The Ship of Theseus	
5)	Vagueness: Sorites Paradox	
6)	Infinity: Achilles and Tortoise	
7)	Self-Reference: The Liar Paradox	
8)	MIDTERM	
9)	Self-Reference: The Pinocchio Paradox	
10)	Metaknowledge: The Crocodile Paradox	
11)	Principle of Sufficient Reason: Buridan's Donkey	
12)	Likelihood: Raven's Paradox	
13)	Set Theory: Barber Paradox	
14)	The Closure Principle: The Lottery Paradox	
15)	Probability: The Monty Hall Problem The Paradox of Surprise Test	
16)	FINAL	

## Sources

Course Notes /

Mark Sainsbury, 'Paradoxes', 1995, Cambridge University Press.

Textbooks:	
References:	Selected readings from Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy on <a href="http://plato.stanford.edu">plato.stanford.edu</a>

## Course - Program Learning Outcome Relationship

Course Learning Outcomes	1	2	3
Program Outcomes			
1) Has basic and up-to-date knowledge in the field of dentistry, follows scientific publications, and applies evidence-based data to his/her professional practice.			
2) Knows well and effectively uses devices, tools, and materials specific to diagnosis and treatment in the field of dentistry.			
3) Evaluates the knowledge in the field of dentistry critically, integrates it with the knowledge of disciplines in the field of health, uses it by analyzing and synthesizing it.			
4) Produces projects related to the field of dentistry, can work with other health disciplines, takes part as a member of the research team and evaluates and reports the results obtained at a scientific level.			
5) Uses information that will contribute to the dentistry profession during practice, takes responsibility, and produces solutions in unforeseen situations.			
6) Shares, compares, and exchanges dental knowledge with professional colleagues in social and scientific environments in written, verbal, and visual forms.			
7) Within the framework of social, scientific, and ethical values including patient privacy, communicates with patients and their relatives, knows all the characteristics of the patient, and recommends the most appropriate treatment with a patient-centered approach.			
8) Follows technological developments, participates in national and international studies, and shares and presents own observations, experiences, and research to further advance dental practices.			
9) By adopting the principle of lifelong learning throughout the dentistry profession, follows current evidence-based dental knowledge and uses it during his professional practice.			
10) During dental practice, in cases such as abuse and addiction, performs the treatment by exhibiting the behaviors required by social ethics and legal rules, and collects and records the relevant data.			
11) Uses basic and current knowledge in the field of dentistry during professional practice for the benefit of society within the framework of national values and country realities.			

12) In natural disasters and emergency cases, takes the protective measures required by the dentistry profession, performs professional practices that benefit patients and society	1	2	3
13) Generates ideas regarding health policy in dentistry, prioritizes individual and public health, and carries out preventive and therapeutic medical practices within the framework of scientific, ethical, and quality processes.			
14) Differentiates the signs and symptoms commonly encountered in the dentistry profession, makes a treatment plan and refers when necessary, and manages diseases and clinical situations regarding their urgency and patient priority.			
15) Can assume the leadership responsibility of the team he/she works for, manage it following scientific criteria, and support the professional development of the team.			

### Course - Learning Outcome Relationship

No Effect	1 Lowest	2 Average	3 Highest

	Program Outcomes	Level of Contribution
1)	Has basic and up-to-date knowledge in the field of dentistry, follows scientific publications, and applies evidence-based data to his/her professional practice.	
2)	Knows well and effectively uses devices, tools, and materials specific to diagnosis and treatment in the field of dentistry.	
3)	Evaluates the knowledge in the field of dentistry critically, integrates it with the knowledge of disciplines in the field of health, uses it by analyzing and synthesizing it.	
4)	Produces projects related to the field of dentistry, can work with other health disciplines, takes part as a member of the research team and evaluates and reports the results obtained at a scientific level.	
5)	Uses information that will contribute to the dentistry profession during practice, takes responsibility, and produces solutions in unforeseen situations.	
6)	Shares, compares, and exchanges dental knowledge with professional colleagues in social and scientific environments in written, verbal, and visual forms.	
7)	Within the framework of social, scientific, and ethical values including patient privacy, communicates with patients and their relatives, knows all the characteristics of the patient, and recommends the most appropriate treatment with a patient-centered approach.	
8)	Follows technological developments, participates in national and international studies, and	

	shares and presents own observations, experiences, and research to further advance dental practices.	
9)	By adopting the principle of lifelong learning throughout the dentistry profession, follows current evidence-based dental knowledge and uses it during his professional practice.	
10)	During dental practice, in cases such as abuse and addiction, performs the treatment by exhibiting the behaviors required by social ethics and legal rules, and collects and records the relevant data.	
11)	Uses basic and current knowledge in the field of dentistry during professional practice for the benefit of society within the framework of national values and country realities.	
12)	In natural disasters and emergency cases, takes the protective measures required by the dentistry profession; performs professional practices that benefit patients and society	
13)	Generates ideas regarding health policy in dentistry, prioritizes individual and public health, and carries out preventive and therapeutic medical practices within the framework of scientific, ethical, and quality processes.	
14)	Differentiates the signs and symptoms commonly encountered in the dentistry profession, makes a treatment plan and refers when necessary, and manages diseases and clinical situations regarding their urgency and patient priority.	
15)	Can assume the leadership responsibility of the team he/she works for, manage it following scientific criteria, and support the professional development of the team.	

## Assessment & Grading

Semester Requirements	Number of Activities	Level of Contribution
Midterms	1	% 40
Final	1	% 60
<b>total</b>		<b>% 100</b>
PERCENTAGE OF SEMESTER WORK		% 40
PERCENTAGE OF FINAL WORK		% 60
<b>total</b>		<b>% 100</b>

## Workload and ECTS Credit Calculation

Activities	Number of Activities	Preparation for the Activity	Spent for the Activity Itself	Completing the Activity Requirements	Workload

Course Hours	14	1	3	3	98
Midterms	1	10	1	1	12
Final	1	15	1	1	17
Total Workload					127