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| Pharmacy (English) | | | |
| Bachelor | TR-NQF-HE: Level 6 | QF-EHEA: First Cycle | EQF-LLL: Level 6 |

Course Introduction and Application Information

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| Course Code: | UNI214 | | |
| Course Name: | Reading Images | | |
| Semester: | Spring | | |
| Course Credits: | <div>ECTS</div> <div>5</div> | | |
| Language of instruction: | English | | |
| Course Condition: | | | |
| Does the Course Require Work Experience?: | No | | |
| Type of course: | University Elective | | |
| Course Level: | <div> <div>Bachelor</div> <div>TR-NQF-HE:6. Master`s Degree</div> <div>QF-EHEA:First Cycle</div> <div>EQF-LLL:6. Master`s Degree</div> </div> | | |
| Mode of Delivery: | E-Learning | | |
| Course Coordinator: | Prof. Dr. AYBIKE SERTTAŞ | | |
| Course Lecturer(s): | Aybike Serttaş | | |
| Course Assistants: | | | |

Course Objective and Content

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| Course Objectives: | To ask questions on principles of creating images, aesthetic perception, creating meaning, power of image. |
| Course Content: | How images in mass media are created, and how our human senses can perceive and evaluate them? |

Learning Outcomes

The students who have succeeded in this course;

- 1) Can define the theories on the view of the audience.
- 2) Can tell elements of cinematography.
- 3) Can explain post-truth
- 4) Can read body language in images.
- 5) Can define the power of images as a storytelling tool.

Course Flow Plan

| Week | Subject | Related Preparation |
|------|--|---------------------|
| 1) | General information about the course, book and film suggestions, a general discussion about the image and word and the relationship between these two. | |
| 2) | Looking as an act of choice | |
| 3) | An image as a recreated or reproduced appearance | |
| 4) | The view of the audience | |
| 5) | The issues of visualization and the viewer experience. | |
| 6) | Reading beauty | |
| 7) | Reading Squid Game | |
| 8) | Reading body language | |
| 9) | Stuart Hall's coding and encoding theory | |
| 10) | About Foucault and Magritte | |
| 11) | Reading Sexism | |
| 12) | Reading images in technical way | |
| 13) | Elements of cinematography 1 | |
| 14) | Elements of cinematography II | |
| 15) | Elements of cinematography III | |

Sources

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| Course Notes / Textbooks: | Ways of Seeing, John Berger History of Beauty, Umberto Eco |
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| | Setting up Your Shots, Jeremy Vineyard |
| References: | Ways of Seeing, John Berger History of Beauty, Umberto Eco Setting up Your Shots, Jeremy Vineyard |

Course - Program Learning Outcome Relationship

| Course Learning Outcomes | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
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| Program Outcomes | | | | | |
| 1) Applies and develops the universal and social dimensional effects of basic, professional and technological knowledge in the field of pharmacy as well as pharmacy practice interdisciplinary by following legal, deontological and ethical rules. | | | | | |
| 2) Defines the terminology related to the pharmacy profession; solves problems , accesses scientific information in the field of pharmacy, after monitoring and evaluating the current literature, applies , communicates, shares by using information technologies effectively and efficiently. | | | | | |
| 3) Uses theoretical and practical knowledge about the anatomical structure of the human body, the physiological working principles of systems, biochemical, immunological events in the organism and microorganisms. | | | | | |
| 4) Uses basic and advanced analytical techniques and methods by running qualitative/quantitative analyzes and interprets the findings by using appropriate statistical methods. | | | | | |
| 5) Defines medicinal plants, herbal drugs and active substances; gains the skills for the development of natural products used for medical purposes. | | | | | |
| 6) Applies patient-centered and individualized pharmaceutical care service together with other healthcare personnel within the framework of rational drug use by using the principles of clinical pharmacy, pharmacoeconomics, pharmacotherapy and phytotherapy. | | | | | |
| 7) Knows the biological properties, structure-activity relationships, and metabolisms of drugs and gains the skill for the synthesise and development of new drug candidates. | | | | | |
| 8) He/She is competent at formulations, production, stability, quality assurance, licensing, patent studies, legal regulations of products containing natural origin and / or synthetic active substances, advanced therapy medicinal products, radiopharmaceuticals and cosmetic products. | | | | | |
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| 9) Interprets the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic properties of drugs, the factors that change their effect, their toxic effects, pharmacological activities and their risk assessment method. Reports the drug interactions and adverse drug reactions, monitors and applies the theoretical/practical knowledge for preventing them. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 10) As a health professional in his/her profession he/she acts as a caregiver, decision maker, communicator, manager, lifelong learner, instructor, leader and researcher, he/she complies with the principles of evidence-based pharmacy by making teamwork for the benefit of society, national and universal values. | | | | | |
| 11) He/She works in various fields such as community pharmacy, hospitals, pharmaceutical medical devices, herbal products and cosmetics sectors, health institutions and agencies, clinical research organizations , universities and R&D centers. | | | | | |

Course - Learning Outcome Relationship

| No Effect | 1 Lowest | 2 Average | 3 Highest |
|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
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| | Program Outcomes | Level of Contribution |
|----|---|-----------------------|
| 1) | Applies and develops the universal and social dimensional effects of basic, professional and technological knowledge in the field of pharmacy as well as pharmacy practice interdisciplinary by following legal, deontological and ethical rules. | |
| 2) | Defines the terminology related to the pharmacy profession; solves problems , accesses scientific information in the field of pharmacy, after monitoring and evaluating the current literature, applies , communicates, shares by using information technologies effectively and efficiently. | |
| 3) | Uses theoretical and practical knowledge about the anatomical structure of the human body, the physiological working principles of systems, biochemical, immunological events in the organism and microorganisms. | |
| 4) | Uses basic and advanced analytical techniques and methods by running qualitative/quantitative analyzes and interprets the findings by using appropriate statistical methods. | |
| 5) | Defines medicinal plants, herbal drugs and active substances; gains the skills for the development of natural products used for medical purposes. | |
| 6) | Applies patient-centered and individualized pharmaceutical care service together with | |

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| | other healthcare personnel within the framework of rational drug use by using the principles of clinical pharmacy, pharmacoeconomics, pharmacotherapy and phytotherapy. | |
| 7) | Knows the biological properties, structure-activity relationships, and metabolisms of drugs and gains the skill for the synthesis and development of new drug candidates. | |
| 8) | He/She is competent at formulations, production, stability, quality assurance, licensing, patent studies, legal regulations of products containing natural origin and / or synthetic active substances, advanced therapy medicinal products, radiopharmaceuticals and cosmetic products. | |
| 9) | Interprets the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic properties of drugs, the factors that change their effect, their toxic effects, pharmacological activities and their risk assessment method. Reports the drug interactions and adverse drug reactions, monitors and applies the theoretical/practical knowledge for preventing them. | |
| 10) | As a health professional in his/her profession he/she acts as a caregiver, decision maker, communicator, manager, lifelong learner, instructor, leader and researcher, he/she complies with the principles of evidence-based pharmacy by making teamwork for the benefit of society, national and universal values. | |
| 11) | He/She works in various fields such as community pharmacy, hospitals, pharmaceutical medical devices, herbal products and cosmetics sectors, health institutions and agencies, clinical research organizations , universities and R&D centers. | |

Assessment & Grading

| Semester Requirements | Number of Activities | Level of Contribution |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Homework Assignments | 2 | % 45 |
| Project | 5 | % 0 |
| Final | 1 | % 55 |
| total | | % 100 |
| PERCENTAGE OF SEMESTER WORK | | % 45 |
| PERCENTAGE OF FINAL WORK | | % 55 |
| total | | % 100 |

Workload and ECTS Credit Calculation

| Activities | Number of Activities | Preparation for the Activity | Spent for the Activity Itself | Completing the Activity Requirements | Workload |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
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|-----------------------------|----|---|--|--|---|
| Course Hours | 45 | 0 | | | 0 |
| Study Hours Out of Class | 27 | 0 | | | 0 |
| Project | 24 | 0 | | | 0 |
| Homework Assignments | 20 | 0 | | | 0 |
| Total Workload | | | | | 0 |